Pediatric Fluoroscopy Protocol
Small Bowel Series-FLSBSP or Small Bowel Follow Through-FLSBFT

**Prep:** 0-2 years old: Nothing to eat or drink: 3 hours prior to the exam time
3 years old to 16 years old: No solid foods after midnight; patient may have clear liquids up to 5 hours prior to the exam.

**Anatomy Visualized:** Stomach, entire small bowel and ileocecal valve.

**Contrast:** Newborn to 2 years old: Barosperse 225 powder mixed with water
3 years old to 16 years old: EZ Paque Thin Barium

**Procedure:**
- Explain the exam to the patient and parent
  - AP flat abdomen (KUB Scout) image is taken & checked by the Radiologist
  - If the patient is sufficiently prepped; with the Radiologists approval, have the patient drink the Radiologist’s recommended amount of barium for age.
  
  - Prone abdomen images are taken at 30 minute intervals
    - Be sure to use proper shielding
    - Mark each image with an anatomical marker within the primary beam and with the elapsed time from ingestion of the barium
    - Each image to be reviewed by the Radiologist
    - When the barium reaches the large bowel, (This is the “Transit Time”)
* Position an anatomical marker within the primary beam to mark images with left or right
** Do not compromise the exam if it is too difficult to maintain marker in the images.
  - Take 2 spot images of the terminal ileum (TI) and the ileocecal junction.

**All images are to be reviewed by the Radiologist before the patient’s departure.**

*If both Upper G.I. and Small Bowel Series are ordered together; perform the Upper G.I. first and then immediately move on to the Small bowel Series.
  - Upon completion of the Upper G.I. exam; the patient is given more barium, determined by the Radiologist, age and patient size.
  - Continue with Small Bowel Instructions
(The patient should drink extra water for the next 2-3 days to prevent constipation from the barium)

Reviewed and Revised February 22, 2019